

XML message for Credit Transfer Initiation

Implementation Guidelines

Version 1.3

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1 Introduction

This document sets out the Belgian Implementation Guidelines for the XML Customer Credit Transfer Initiation message UNIFI (ISO20022) - "pain.001.001.02".

The purpose of these Implementation Guidelines is to provide guidance on the use of the Credit Transfer Initiation Message sent to banks, residing in Belgium, and cover European Credit Transfers (SEPA) as well as other Credit Transfers. These guidelines for European Credit Transfers are compliant with the Implementation Guidelines for Customer to Bank messages for SEPA Credit Transfers version 3.2, published by the European Payments Council.

These guidelines version 1.3 can be used as of 02/02/2009. Annex 2 gives an overview of changes in the successive versions of these Guidelines. However, version 2.x is recommended for use as of 2/11/2010.

These Implementation Guidelines have been developed by Febelfin (the Belgian Financial Sector Federation).

The utmost has been done to make sure the information in this publication is correct. However, Febelfin by no means can be held liable for any loss or damage incurred due to any incorrect or incomplete information mentioned in this publication.

This text is also available in Dutch and French.

Please contact your bank for any further information.

1.1 Coverage

The CustomerCreditTransferInitiation message is sent by the initiating party to the debtor bank. It is used to request movement of funds from the debtor account to a creditor.

The CustomerCreditTransferInitiation message is used to exchange:

- One or more Credit Transfer instructions;
- Payment transactions which result in book transfers at the debtor bank or payments to an other financial institution;
- Payment transactions which result in an electronic cash transfer to the creditor account or in the issue of a cheque;
- Payment transactions which can be domestic, cross-border, compliant to a scheme such as "SEPA" or international payments in any currency;
- Payment transactions which result in a single entry on the debtor account per individual transaction or a batch entry for all transactions in a payment.

The message can be used in a direct or a relay scenario:

- In a direct scenario, the message is sent directly to the debtor bank. The debtor bank is the account servicer of the debtor.
- In a relay scenario, the message is sent to a forwarding agent. The forwarding bank acts as a concentrating financial institution. It will forward the CustomerCreditTransferInitiation message to the debtor bank.

The message can also be used by an initiating party which has been mandated to send a payment instruction on behalf of the debtor. This caters for example for the scenario of a payments factory initiating all payments on behalf of a large corporate, or an entity administering the salary payments of a company's employees.

1.2 Use of these Guidelines

Each item of the CreditTransferInitiation message is referring to the corresponding index of the item in the UNIFI (ISO 20022) Message Definition Report for Payment Standards – Initiation. This Report can be found on www.iso20022.org, under “Catalogue of UNIFI messages”, with “pain.001.001.02” as reference.

Any gaps in the index numbering are due to the fact that some message elements of the UNIFI message are not supported. The occurrences of a message element (mandatory/optional) can also show a difference between these guidelines and the UNIFI (ISO20022) Message Definition.

Message elements not described in these guidelines must not be used and the usage rules must be followed in order to avoid the possibility of the message or payment being rejected or of data being ignored.

The description of each message item contains:

Index	Number referring to the corresponding description in the UNIFI (ISO 20022) Message Definition Report for Payment Standards – Initiation
Definition	This contains the definition of the message set or element
Usage	Additional info on how this element must be used
XML Tag	Short name identifying an element within an XML message, which is put between brackets, e.g. <Amount>
Occurrences	<p>This indicates whether an element is optional or mandatory and how many times the element can be repeated. The number of occurrences is shown between square brackets</p> <p>For example:</p> <p>[0..1] shows that the element can be present 0 times or 1 time. The element is optional</p> <p>[1..1] shows that the element can be present only 1 time. The element is mandatory</p> <p>[1..n] shows that the element is mandatory and can be present 1 to n times</p> <p>An element which is part of a set of elements, is mandatory as far as the set it is part of, is present in the message.</p> <p>If only one of several elements may be present, this is indicated by {OR ... OR} in front of the elements concerned</p>
Format	<p>This specifies the values and format allowed</p> <p>Remark : if a tag is used, the correspondent data field may not be left empty. At least one character has to be filled in.</p>
Rules	Any specific rules which could have an impact on the presence or the values of an element

1.3 Character Set

The UTF8 character encoding standard must be used in the UNIFI messages.

The Latin character set, commonly used in international communication, must be used.

It contains the following characters:

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

/ - ? : () . , ' +

Space

Note to programmers: The usage of CDATA in XML is not admitted. Files with CDATA will be refused by the bank.

1.4 Message structure

The description of the UNIFI document models can be found in a number of schemes. A specific description language (XSD) is used in those schemes. The schemes make it possible to give a description of the tags in the document, the structure and sequence of those beacons (hierarchy of tags) as well as the codes which are allowed for some specific data, the number of possible cases, the obligatory or optional character of some of the data, etc.

The general XSD for pain.001.001.02 can be downloaded: www.iso20022.org > [Catalogue of ISO 20022 messages](#) > [ISO 20022 Message Archive](#) > [Payments Initiation messages - Approved in September 2006 - Archived in April 2009](#) > CustomerCreditTransferInitiationV02 > [pain.001.001.02](#)

A file containing an XML- pain.001.001.02 message has the following structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Document xmlns="urn:iso:std:iso:20022:tech:xsd:pain.001.001.02"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <pain.001.001.02>
    message content...
  </pain.001.001.02>
</Document>
```

A file must contain one single Document (envelope), with one single XML-message in it. See examples in chapter 5.

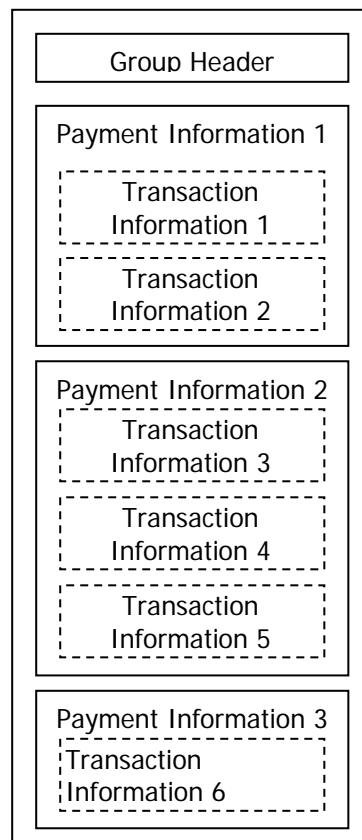
The message consists of 3 building blocks:

A. Group Header: This building block is mandatory and is present only once. It contains elements such as Message Identification, Creation Date and Time, Grouping Indicator.

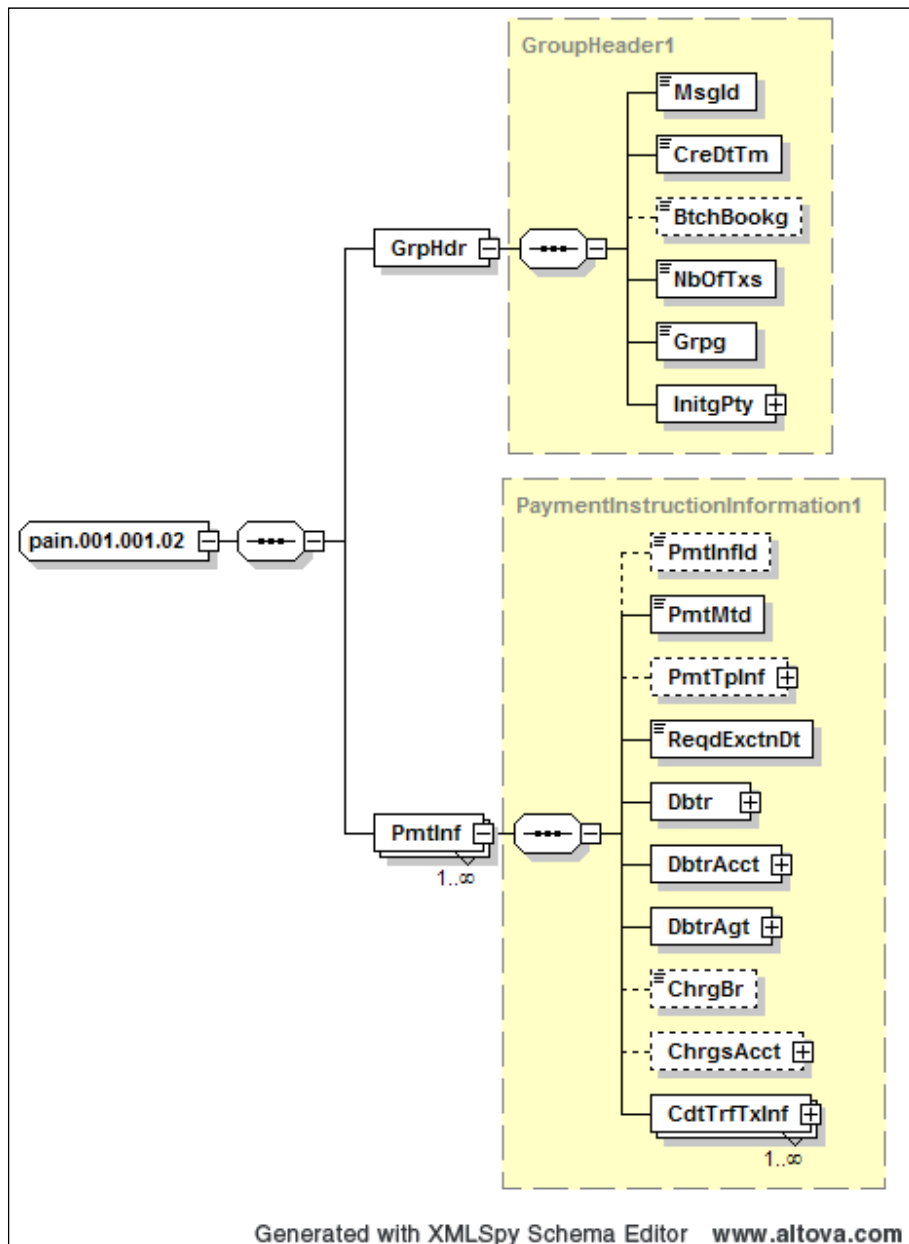
B. Payment Information: This building block is mandatory and repetitive. Not only does it contain elements related to the debit side of the transaction, such as Debtor and Payment Type Information, but also one or several Transaction Information Blocks.

C. Transaction Information: This building block is mandatory and repetitive. It contains, among other things, elements related to the credit side of the transaction, such as Creditor and Remittance Information.

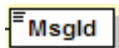
The Grouping field in the Group Header must be 'mixed' which indicates that there are one or several occurrences of the Payment Information Block where each of the occurrences may contain one or several occurrences of the Transaction Information Block.



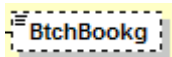
The figure below shows the structure of a Credit Transfer Initiation Message more into detail.



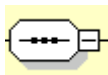
Legend:



Box with full-line is a **mandatory** Message Element



Box with dotted line is an **optional** Message Element



The Child Elements must appear in the **sequence** mentioned



Only one of the possible Child Elements may be present (choice)

2 European Credit Transfers

A European Credit Transfer is a credit transfer in euro between two accounts located in countries which are part of the Single Euro Payments Area (SEPA).

The Debtor's account must be a euro account, whereas the Creditor's account can be in any currency.

The amount of a transaction is not limited (only a technical limit of 999.999.999,99 EUR).

The Debtor's and Creditor's account and their corresponding banks are identified respectively by means of their IBAN and their BIC.

Charges applied by the Debtor and Creditor Bank are paid respectively by the Debtor and Creditor.

No special instructions may be given for Debtor or Creditor Bank.

These implementation Guidelines for European Credit Transfers are based on the Implementation Guidelines for the SEPA Credit Transfer Scheme version 3.2 as published by the European Payments Council (EPC).

2.1 Message structure

The following table provides a summary of the message items to be used for a European Credit Transfer.

A more detailed description of each message item is given in chapter 4 "Message items description"

Index	Occ.	Message Item	<XML Tag>	Length of content
1.0	[1..1]	GroupHeader	<GrpHdr>	
1.1	[1..1]	MessageIdentification	<MsgId>	35
1.2	[1..1]	CreationDateTime	<CreDtTm>	19
1.4	[0..1]	BatchBooking	<BtchBookg>	5
1.5	[1..1]	NumberOfTransactions	<NbOfTxs>	15
1.7	[1..1]	Grouping	<Grpg>	4
1.8	[1..1]	InitiatingParty	<InitgPty>	
	[0..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.0	[1..n]	PaymentInformation	<PmtInf>	
2.1	[0..1]	PaymentInformationIdentification	<PmtInfId>	35
2.2	[1..1]	PaymentMethod	<PmtMtd>	3
2.3	[0..1]	PaymentTypeInformation	<PmtTpInf>	
2.4	[0..1]	InstructionPriority	<InstrPrty>	4
2.5	[0..1]	ServiceLevel	<SvcLvl>	
	[1..1]	Code	<Cd>	4
2.12	[0..1]	CategoryPurpose	<CtgyPurp>	4
2.13	[1..1]	RequestedExecutionDate	<ReqdExctnDt>	10
2.15	[1..1]	Debtor	<Dbtr>	
	[1..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	
	[0..2]	AddressLine	<AdrLine>	70
	[1..1]	Country	<Ctry>	2
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35

Index	Occ.	Message Item	<XML Tag>	Length of content
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.16	[1..1]	DebtorAccount	<DbtrAcct>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	IBAN	<IBAN>	34
2.17	[1..1]	DebtorAgent	<DbtrAgt>	
	[1..1]	FinancialInsitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	
	[1..1]	BIC	<BIC>	11
2.19	[0..1]	UltimateDebtor	<UltmtDbtr>	
	[0..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.20	[0..1]	ChargeBearer	<ChrgBr>	4
2.23	[1..n]	CreditTransferTransactionInformation	<CdtTrfTxInf>	
2.24	[1..1]	PaymentIdentification	<PmtId>	
2.25	[0..1]	InstructionIdentification	<InstrId>	35
2.26	[1..1]	EndToEndIdentification	<EndToEndId>	35
2.37	[1..1]	Amount	<Amt>	
2.38	[1..1]	InstructedAmount	<InstdAmt>	21
2.48	[0..1]	UltimateDebtor	<UltmtDbtr>	
	[0..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.55	[0..1]	CreditorAgent	<CdtrAgt>	
	[1..1]	FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	
	[1..1]	BIC	<BIC>	11

Index	Occ.	Message Item	<XML Tag>	Length of content
2.57	[1..1]	Creditor	<Cdtr>	
	[1..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	
	[0..2]	AddressLine	<AdrLine>	70
	[1..1]	Country	<Ctry>	2
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.58	[1..1]	CreditorAccount	<CdtrAcct>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	IBAN	<IBAN>	34
2.59	[0..1]	UltimateCreditor	<UltmtCdtr>	
	[0..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.64	[0..1]	Purpose	<Purp>	
2.65	[1..1]	Code	<Cd>	35
2.84	[0..1]	RemittanceInformation	<RmtInf>	
2.85	[1..1] {Or	Unstructured	<Ustrd>	140
2.86	[1..1] Or}	Structured	<Strd>	
2.100	[1..1]	CreditorReferenceInformation	<CdtrRefInf>	
2.101	[1..1]	CreditorReferenceType	<CdtrRefTp>	
2.102	[1..1]	Code	<Cd>	4
2.104	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.105	[1..1]	CreditorReference	<CdtrRef>	35

3 Generic Credit Transfer Initiation

The XML subset “Generic Credit Transfer Initiation” provides for the implementation of the ISO 20022 Credit Transfer Initiation message for all payments which are not considered to be standard European Credit Transfers (see chapter 2).

These payments cover among other things. payments :

- in currencies other than EUR
- to countries outside SEPA
- containing special instructions
- to be made by cheque

3.1 Message structure

The following table gives a summary of the message items to be used for a Generic Credit Transfer.

A more detailed description of each message item is given in chapter 4 "Message items description"

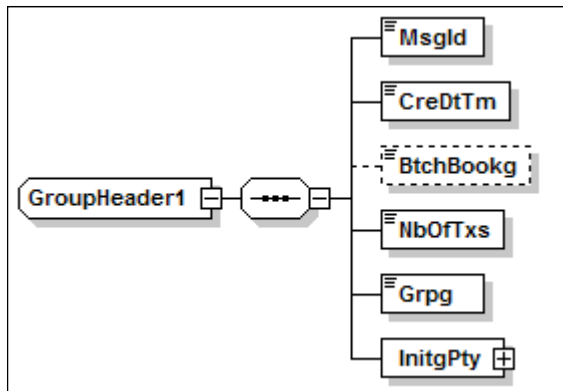
Index	Occ.	Message Item	<XML Tag>	Length of content
1.0	[1..1]	GroupHeader	<GrpHdr>	
1.1	[1..1]	MessageIdentification	<MsgId>	35
1.2	[1..1]	CreationDateTime	<CreDtTm>	19
1.4	[0..1]	BatchBooking	<BtchBookg>	5
1.5	[1..1]	NumberOfTransactions	<NbOfTxs>	15
1.7	[1..1]	Grouping	<Grpg>	4
1.8	[1..1]	InitiatingParty	<InitgPty>	
	[0..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]	OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	
	[0..1]{Or	BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	11
	[0..1]Or	TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	35
	[0..1]Or}	ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	35
	[1..1]	Issuer	<Issr>	35
2.0	[1..n]	PaymentInformation	<PmtInf>	
2.1	[0..1]	PaymentInformationIdentification	<PmtInfId>	35
2.2	[1..1]	PaymentMethod	<PmtMtd>	3
2.3	[0..1]	PaymentTypeInformation	<PmtTpInf>	
2.4	[0..1]	InstructionPriority	<InstrPrty>	4
2.5	[0..1]{Or	ServiceLevel	<SvcLvl>	
2.6	[1..1]{Or	Code	<Code>	4
2.7	[1..1]Or}	Proprietary	<Prtry>	35
2.8	[0..1]Or}	ClearingChannel	<ClrChanl>	4
2.12	[0..1]	CategoryPurpose	<CtgyPurp>	4
2.13	[1..1]	RequestedExecutionDate	<ReqdExctnDt>	10
2.15	[1..1]	Debtor	<Dbtr>	
	[1..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	
	[0..2]	AddressLine	<AdrLine>	70
	[1..1]	Country	<Ctry>	2
2.16	[1..1]	DebtorAccount	<DbtrAcct>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]{Or	IBAN	<IBAN>	34

Index	Occ.	Message Item	<XML Tag>	Length of content
	[1..1]Or}	BBAN	<BBAN>	30
	[0..1]	Currency	<Ccy>	3
2.17	[1..1]	DebtorAgent	<DbtrAgt>	
	[1..1]	FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	
	[1..1]	BIC	<BIC>	11
2.20	[0..1]	ChargeBearer	<ChrgBr>	4
2.21	[0..1]	ChargesAccount	<ChrgsAcct>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]{Or	IBAN	<IBAN>	34
	[1..1]Or}	BBAN	<BBAN>	30
	[0..1]	Currency	<Ccy>	3
2.23	[1..n]	CreditTransferTransactionInformation	<CdtTrfTxInf>	
2.24	[1..1]	PaymentIdentification	<PmtId>	
2.25	[0..1]	InstructionIdentification	<InstrId>	35
2.26	[1..1]	EndToEndIdentification	<EndToEndId>	35
2.37	[1..1]	Amount	<Amt>	
2.38	[1..1]{Or	InstructedAmount	<InstdAmt>	21
2.39	[1..1]Or}	EquivalentAmount	<EqvtAmt>	
2.40	[1..1]	Amount	<Amt>	15
2.41	[1..1]	CurrencyOfTransfer	<CcyOfTrf>	3
2.42	[0..1]	ExchangeRateInformation	<XchgRateInf>	
2.45	[1..1]	ContractIdentification	<CtrctId>	35
2.47	[0..1]	ChequeInstruction	<ChqInstr>	
	[0..1]	ChequeType	<ChqTp>	4
	[0..1]	DeliveryMethod	<DlvryMtd>	
	[1..1]	Code	<Cd>	4
2.49	[0..1]	IntermediaryAgent1	<IntmyAgt1>	
	[1..1]	FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	
	[1..1]	BIC	<BIC>	11
2.55	[0..1]	CreditorAgent	<CdtrAgt>	
	[1..1]	FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	
	[1..1]{Or	BIC	<BIC>	11
	[1..1]Or	ClearingSystem MemberIdentification	<ClrSysMmbld>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]Or	NameAndAddress	<NmAndAdr>	
	[1..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[1..1]	PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	

Index	Occ.	Message Item	<XML Tag>	Length of content
	[0..2]	AddressLine	<AdrLine>	70
	[1..1]	Country	<Ctry>	2
	[1..1]Or}	CombinedIdentification	<CmbndId>	
	[0..1]	BIC	<BIC>	11
	[0..1]	ClearingSystem MemberIdentification	<ClrSysMmbld>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[0..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	
	[0..2]	AddressLine	<AdrLine>	70
	[1..1]	Country	<Ctry>	2
2.57	[1..1]	Creditor	<Cdtr>	
	[1..1]	Name	<Nm>	70
	[0..1]	PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	
	[0..2]	AddressLine	<AdrLine>	70
	[1..1]	Country	<Ctry>	2
2.58	[0..1]	CreditorAccount	<CdtrAcct>	
	[1..1]	Identification	<Id>	
	[1..1]{Or	IBAN	<IBAN>	34
	[1..1]Or}	BBAN	<BBAN>	30
2.60	[0..1]	InstructionForCreditorAgent	<InstrForCrdrAgt>	
2.61	[0..1]	Code	<Cd>	4
2.62	[0..1]	InstructionInformation	<InstrInf>	30
2.63	[0..1]	InstructionForDebtorAgent	<InstrForDbtrAgt>	30
2.84	[0..1]	RemittanceInformation	<RmtInf>	
2.85	[1..1]	Unstructured	<Ustrd>	140

4 Message items description

1.0 GroupHeader

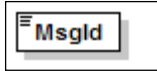


Definition : Set of characteristics shared by all transactions included into the message.

XML Tag : <GrpHdr>

Occurrences : [1..1]

1.1 MessageIdentification



Definition : Point-to-point reference assigned by the instructing party and sent to the next party in the chain in order to unambiguously identify the message.

Usage : The instructing party must make sure that "MessageIdentification" is unique per instructed party for a period agreed upon beforehand.

XML Tag : <MsgId>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Max35Text

Rules : it is recommended to limit the max. length to 30 characters.

1.2 CreationDateTime



Definition : Date and Time at which a (group of) payment instruction(s) was created by the instructing party.

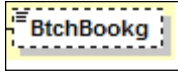
XML Tag : <CreDtTm>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss

Example : <CreDtTm>2008-01-28T08:35:30</CreDtTm>

1.4 BatchBooking



Definition : Identifies whether a single entry per individual transaction or a batch entry for the sum of the amounts of all transactions in a payment is requested

XML Tag : <BtchBookg>

Occurrences : [0..1]

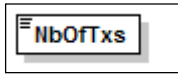
Format : One of the following "BatchBooking" values must be used :

Code	Name	Definition
true	true	Identifies that a batch entry for the sum of the amounts of all transactions in a Payment Information Block is requested (one debit for all transactions in a Payment Information Block)
false	false	Identifies that a single entry for each of the transactions in a message is requested

Rules : If BatchBooking is absent, its value is considered to be "true".

Remark : A batch entry is created per payment, **not** across payments within the same message.

1.5 NumberOfTransactions



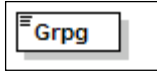
Definition : Number of individual transactions contained in a message.

XML Tag : <NbOfTxs>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Max15NumericText

1.7 Grouping



Definition : Indicates whether common accounting information in the message is included once for all transactions or repeated for each single transaction.

Usage : see chapter Message Structure

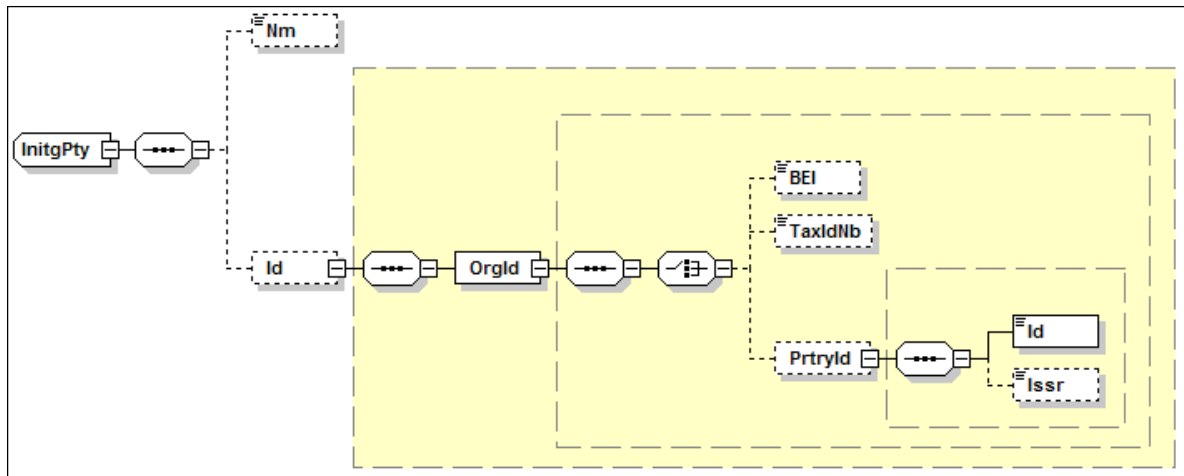
XML Tag : <Grpg>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : The following Grouping Code must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
MIXD	Mixed	Indicates that there are one or several occurrences of the Payment Information Block where each of the occurrences may contain one or several occurrences of the Transaction Information Block.

1.8 InitiatingParty



Definition : Party initiating the payment. This can be either the debtor or a party initiating the payment on behalf of the debtor.

XML Tag : `<InitgPty>`

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements :

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Name	<code><Nm></code>		[0..1]	Max70Text
Identification	<code><Id></code>		[0..1]	
OrganisationIdentification	<code><OrgId></code>		[1..1]	
Business Entity Identifier (BEI)	<code><BEI></code>		[0..1]{Or	BIC-format
TaxIdentificationNumber	<code><TaxIdNb></code>		[0..1]Or	Max35Text
ProprietaryIdentification	<code><PrtryId></code>		[0..1]Or}	
Identification	<code><Id></code>		[1..1]	Max35Text
Issuer	<code><Issr></code>		[1..1]	Max35Text

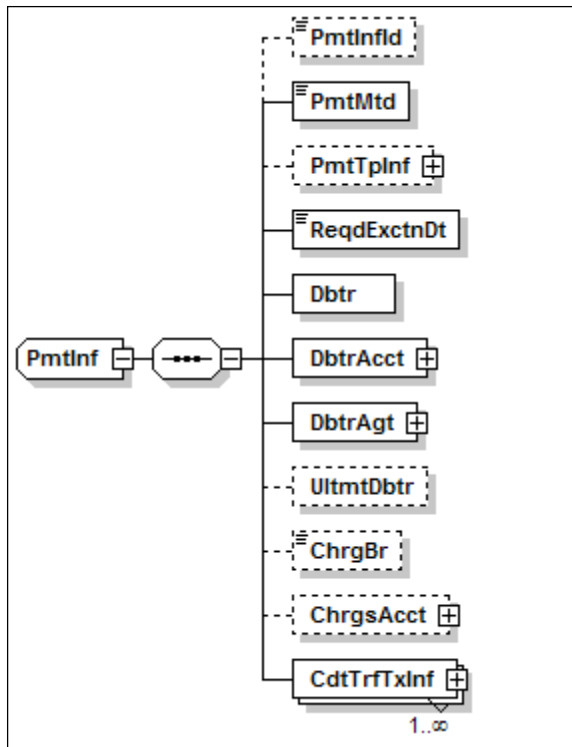
Rules : Either Name or Identification or both must be used.

For Belgian companies, Identification (within ProprietaryIdentification) must contain the Enterprise Number (10 digits) and as Issuer "KBO-BCE".

Example :

```
<InitgPty>
  <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
  <Id>
    <OrgId>
      <PrtryId>
        <Id>0468651441</Id>
        <Issr>KBO-BCE</Issr>
      </PrtryId>
    </OrgId>
  </Id>
</InitPty>
```

2.0 Payment Information

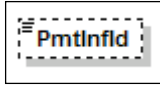


Definition : Set of characteristics which applies to the debit side of the payment transactions as well as one or several Transaction Information Blocks.

XML Tag : <PmtInf>

Occurrences : [1..n]

2.1 PaymentInformationIdentification



Definition : Reference assigned by a sending party in order to unambiguously identify the payment information block within the message.

XML Tag : <PmtInfId>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : Max35Text

Rules :

- Si If BatchBooking is absent or "true" then PaymentInformationIdentification must be present.;
- If Batchbooking contains "false" then PaymentInformationIdentification is optional.

It is recommended to limit the max. length to 30 characters.

2.2 PaymentMethod



Definition : Specifies the means of payment which will be used to move the amount of money.

XML Tag : <PmtMtd>

Occurrences : [1..1]

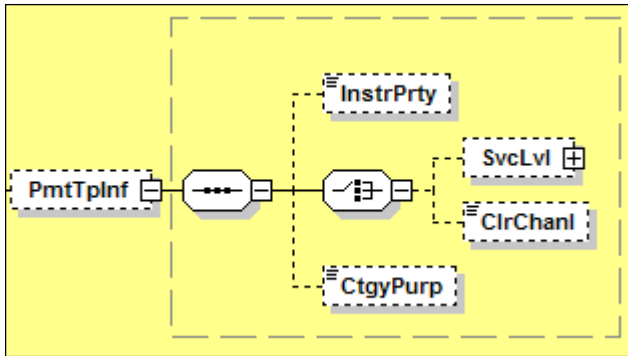
Format : Code

The following PaymentMethod Code must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
TRF	Transfer	Transfer of an amount of money from Debtor account to Creditor account.
CHK	Cheque	Cheque to be issued by the bank

Rules : Per definition, only TRF is allowed for European Credit Transfers

2.3 PaymentTypeInformation



Definition : Set of elements which specifies the type of transaction more into detail.

XML Tag : <PmtTpInf>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
InstructionPriority	<InstrPrty>	2.4	[0..1]	Code
ServiceLevel	<SvcLvl>	2.5	[0..1]{Or	
ClearingChannel	<ClrChanl>	2.8	[0..1]Or}	Code
CategoryPurpose	<CtgyPurp>	2.12	[0..1]	Code

- Rugles :**
- PaymentTypeInformation may be present only on PaymentInformation level but not at CreditTransferTransaction level.
 - If PaymentMethod is CHK, the PaymentTypeInformation is not allowed.

2.4 InstructionPriority



This Message item is part of PaymentTypeInformation (2.3)

Definition : Indicates the degree of urgency the initiating party would like the Debtor's Bank to apply to the processing of the instruction.

XML Tag : <InstrPrty>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : Code

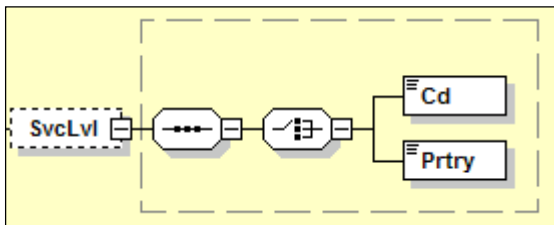
When this message item is present, one of the following values must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
NORM	Normal	Priority level is normal
HIGH	High	Priority level is high

Rules : If InstructionPriority is absent, its value is considered to be "NORM".

High priority means a request for urgent interbank clearing, i.e. interbank clearing on the day of debiting, provided the Debtor's Bank supports this facility and upon its conditions (only if no foreign exchange required). Of course, the orders must arrive at the Debtor's Bank before its cut-off time.

2.5 ServiceLevel



This Message item is part of PaymentTypeInformation (2.3)

Definition : Agreement or rules according to which the transaction must be processed

XML Tag : <SvcLvl>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Code	<Cd>	2.6	[1..1]{Or	Code
Proprietary	<Prtry>	2.7	[1..1]Or}	Max35Text

2.6 Code

This Message item is part of ServiceLevel (2.5).

Definition : Identification, in the form of a code, of a service level agreed upon beforehand.

XML Tag : <Cd>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Code

The following Code value must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
SEPA	Single Euro Payments Area	Payment must be executed following the Single Euro Payments Area scheme
PRPT	EBAPriorityService	Payment must be processed according to the EBA Priority Service

- Rules :**
- if ServiceLevel is absent, the rules according to which the transaction will be processed, depend on the data elements of the transaction.
 - a SEPA Credit Transfer has the following specifications:
 - transaction currency is "EUR"
 - Both the Debtor's Bank and Creditor's Bank are located in a SEPA country and are indicated by their BIC (see rule for BIC of CreditorAgent in field 2.55)
 - Debtor and Creditor's account are indicated in IBAN format
 - no special instructions for Debtor or Creditor Bank
 - Check beforehand if EBA Priority Service is supported by both Debtor and Creditor Bank

2.7 Proprietary

This Message item is part of ServiceLevel (2.5).

Definition : Proprietary identification of a particular bank's service level agreed upon beforehand

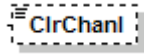
XML Tag : <Prtry>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Max35Text

Rugles : **Proprietary Service Level must not be used for European Credit Transfers**

2.8 ClearingChannel



This item is part of PaymentTypeInformation (2.3).

Definition : Specifies the clearing channel to be used for the transaction.

XML Tag : <ClrChanl>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : Code

This message item consists of the following elements :

The following Code value must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
RTGS	RealTimeGrossSettlementSystem	Clearing & Settlement channel is a real-time gross settlement system (such as Target)

- Rules :**
- check beforehand if Real Time Gross Settlement is supported by Debtor's Bank.
 - **ClearingChannel must not be used for European Credit Transfers.**

2.12 CategoryPurpose



This Message item is part of PaymentTypeInformation (2.3)

Definition : Specifies the purpose of the payment based on a set of pre-defined categories.

XML Tag : <Ctgypurp>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : Code

Main values to be used for European Credit Transfers are:

Code	Name	Definition
DIVI	Dividend	payment of dividends.
INTC	IntraCompanyPayment	intra-company payment (a payment between two companies belonging to the same group)
INTE	Interest	payment of interest.
PENS	PensionPayment	payment of pension.
SALA	SalaryPayment	payment of salaries.
SSBE	SocialSecurityBenefit	payment of child benefit, family allowance.
SUPP	SupplierPayment	payment to a supplier.
TAXS	TaxPayment	payment of taxes.
TREA	TreasuryPayment	Treasury transaction

For a complete list of possible codes, see [Payments External Code Lists spreadsheet](http://www.iso20022.org/External_Code_Lists_and_DSS.page) at http://www.iso20022.org/External_Code_Lists_and_DSS.page.

For Generic Credit Transfers only the value "INTC" (intra-company payment) can be used

2.13 RequestedExecutionDate

Definition : Date at which the initiating party asks the Debtor's Bank to process the payment. This is the date on which the debtor's account(s) is (are) to be debited.

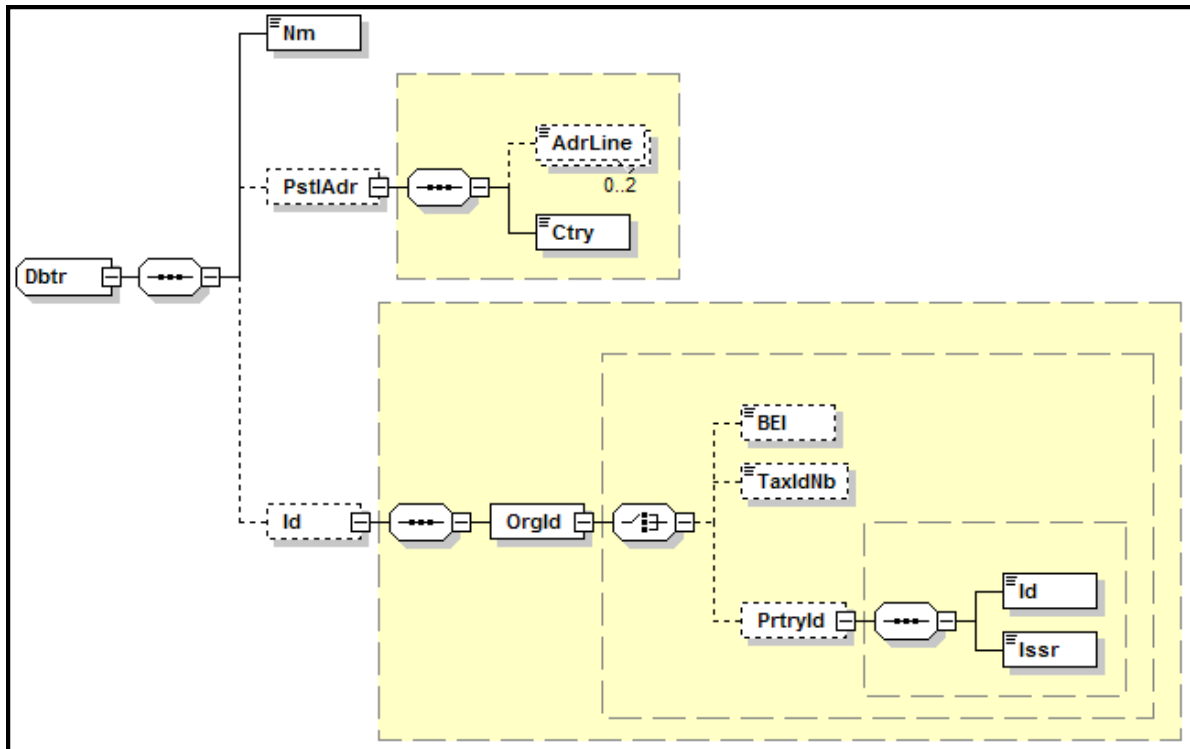
XML Tag : <ReqdExctnDt>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : YYYY-MM-DD

Rules : date is limited to maximum one year in the future.

2.15 Debtor



Definition : Party owing an amount of money to the (ultimate) creditor.

XML Tag : <Dbtr>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Occurrences	Format
Name	<Nm>	[1..1]	Max70Text
PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	[0..1]	
AddressLine	<AdrLine>	[0..2]	Max70Text
Country	<Ctry>	[1..1]	ISO Country Code
Identification	<Id>	[0..1]	
OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]	
BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	[0..1]{Or	BIC-format
TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	[0..1]Or	Max35Text
ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	[0..1]Or}	
Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	Max35Text
Issuer	<Issr>	[1..1]	Max35Text

Rules : Street and Building Number must be put at the first AddressLine, the Postal code and Town at the second AddressLine.

It is recommended to limit the length of Name and each AddressLine to 35 characters.

Identification is only to be used for European Credit Transfers, not for Generic Credit Transfers.

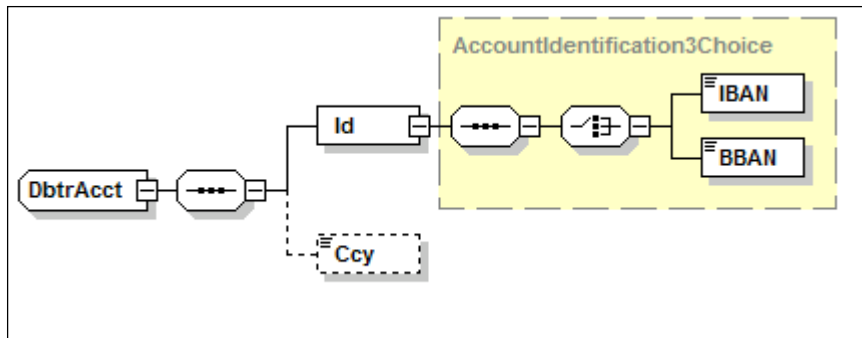
For usage of Identification, please contact your bank.

For Belgian companies, Identification (within ProprietaryIdentification) must contain the Enterprise Number (10 digits) and as Issuer "KBO-BCE"

Example :

```
<Dbtr>
  <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
  <PstAdr>
    <AdrLine>Square Montgomery 7</AdrLine>
    <AdrLine>1000 Brussels</AdrLine>
    <Ctry>BE</Ctry>
  </PstAdr>
</Dbtr>
```


2.16 DebtorAccount



Definition : Unambiguous identification of the account of the debtor to which a debit entry will be made as a result of the transaction.

XML Tag : <DbtrAcct>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Identification	<Id>		[1..1]	
IBAN (International Bank Account Number)	<IBAN>		[1..1]{Or	IBAN-format
BBAN (Basic Bank Account Number)	<BBAN>		[1..1]Or}	BBAN-format Max30Text
Currency	<Ccy>		[0..1]	ISO Currency Code

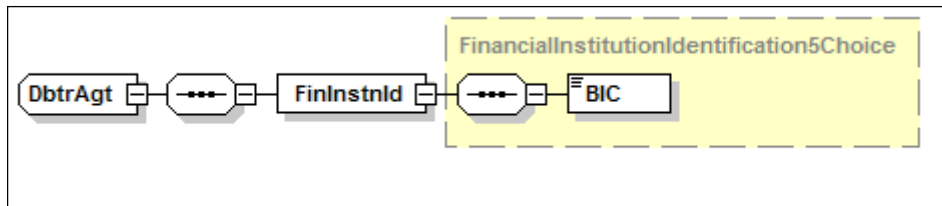
- Rules :**
- IBAN must be used for Belgian accounts as well as for accounts in an other SEPA country.
 - BBAN only to be used if payment order must be forwarded to a bank outside SEPA.
 - Currency only to be used if one account number covers several currencies and the account to be debited is labelled in a currency other than the transfer currency.
 - For European Credit Transfers:
 - IBAN must be present, whereas BBAN must not be used;
 - currency should not be used, but, if present, then only EUR is allowed

Example :

```

    <DbtrAcct>
      <Id>
        <IBAN>BE68539007547034</IBAN>
      </Id>
    </DbtrAcct>
    
```

2.17 DebtorAgent



Definition : Financial institution servicing an account for the debtor.

XML Tag : <DbtrAgt>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>		[1..1]	
BIC	<BIC>		[1..1]	BIC-format

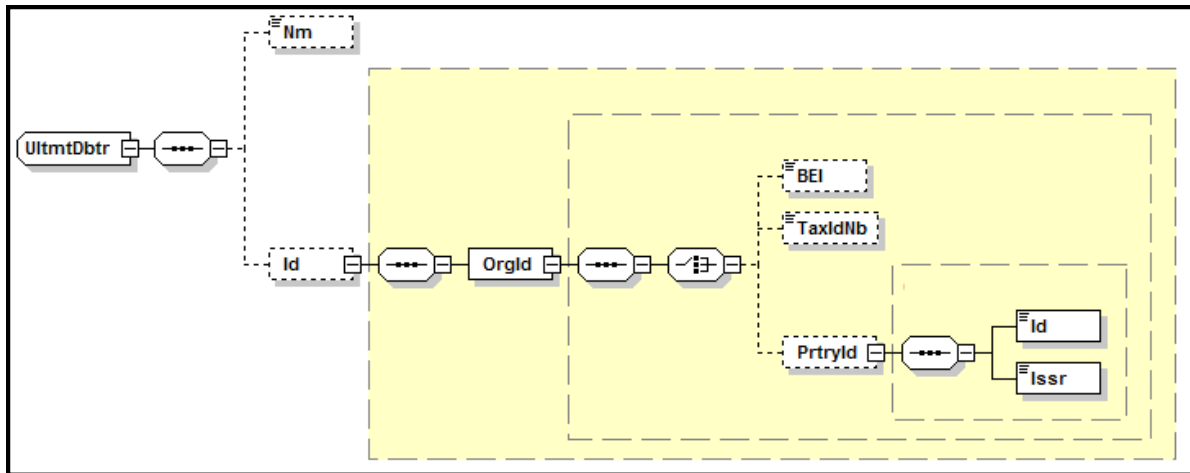
The Bank Identifier Code (BIC) consists of 8 or 11 characters.

Example :

```

<DbtrAgt>
  <FinInstnId>
    <BIC>AAAABE33</BIC>
  </FinInstnId>
</DbtrAgt>
    
```

2.19 UltimateDebtor



Definition : Ultimate party that owes an amount of money to the (ultimate) creditor.
The UltimateDebtor is only to be used if different from Debtor.

XML Tag : <UltmtDbtr>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Occurrences	Format
Name	<Nm>	[0..1]	Max70Text
Identification	<Id>	[0..1]	
OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]	
Business Entity Identifier (BEI)	<BEI>	[0..1]{Or	BIC-format
TaxIdNumber	<TaxIdNb>	[0..1]Or	Max35Text
ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	[0..1]Or}	Max35Text
Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	Max35Text
Issuer	<Issr>	[1..1]	Max35Text

Rules : Ultimate Debtor may be present either at 'Payment Information' or at 'Credit Transfer Transaction Information' level

If used for Belgian companies, Identification (within ProprietaryIdentification) must contain the Enterprise Number (10 digits) and as Issuer "KBO-BCE".

Ultimate Debtor is only to be used for European Credit Transfers, not for Generic Credit Transfers.

Example :

```

<UltmtDbtr>
  <Id>
    <OrgId>
      <PrtryId>
        <Id>0468651441</Id>
        <Issr>KBO-BCE</Issr>
      </PrtryId>
    </OrgId>
  </Id>
</UltmtDbtr>
    
```

```
</OrgId>  
</Id>  
</UltmtDbtr>
```

2.20 ChargeBearer



Definition : Specifies which party/parties will bear the charges linked to the processing of the payment transaction.

XML Tag : <ChrgBr>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : Code

If present, the following value must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
CRED	BorneByCreditor	All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.
DEBT	BorneByDebtor	All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.
SHAR	Shared	Transaction charges applied by Debtor Bank and Creditor Bank are borne resp. by Debtor and Creditor.
SLEV	Following Service Level	Charges are to be applied following the rules agreed upon in the service level and/or scheme. For SEPA: Charges applied by Debtor and Creditor Bank are charged resp. to Debtor and Creditor.

Rules : **For European Credit Transfers "SLEV" must be used.**

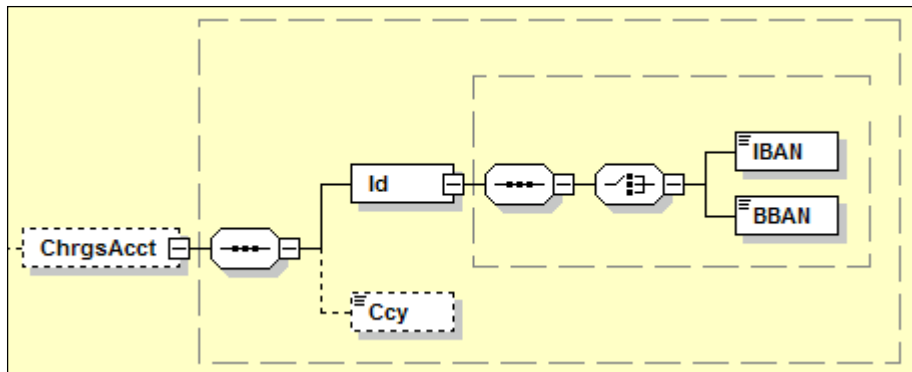
For Generic Credit Transfers, "SLEV" is not allowed.

If ChargeBearer is absent, "SLEV" is used as default value for European Credit Transfers and "SHAR" for all other Credit Transfers.

Example :

<ChrgBr>SLEV</ChrgBr>

2.21 ChargesAccount



Definition : Account to be debited with the charges linked to a payment.

XML Tag : <ChrgsAcct>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Identification	<Id>		[1..1]	
IBAN (International Bank Account Number)	<IBAN>		[1..1]{Or	IBAN-format
BBAN (Basic Bank Account Number)	<BBAN>		[1..1]Or}	BBAN-format Max30Text
Currency	<Ccy>		[0..1]	ISO Currency Code

- Rules :**
- **ChargesAccount must not be present for European Credit Transfers**
 - ChargesAccount to be used only when charges have to be booked to an account different from the Debtor's Account
 - IBAN must be used for Belgian accounts as well as for accounts in another SEPA country
 - BBAN to be used only if payment order must be forwarded to a bank outside SEPA
 - Currency to be used only if one account number covers several currencies
 - Currency must be the local currency or the transfer currency

Example :

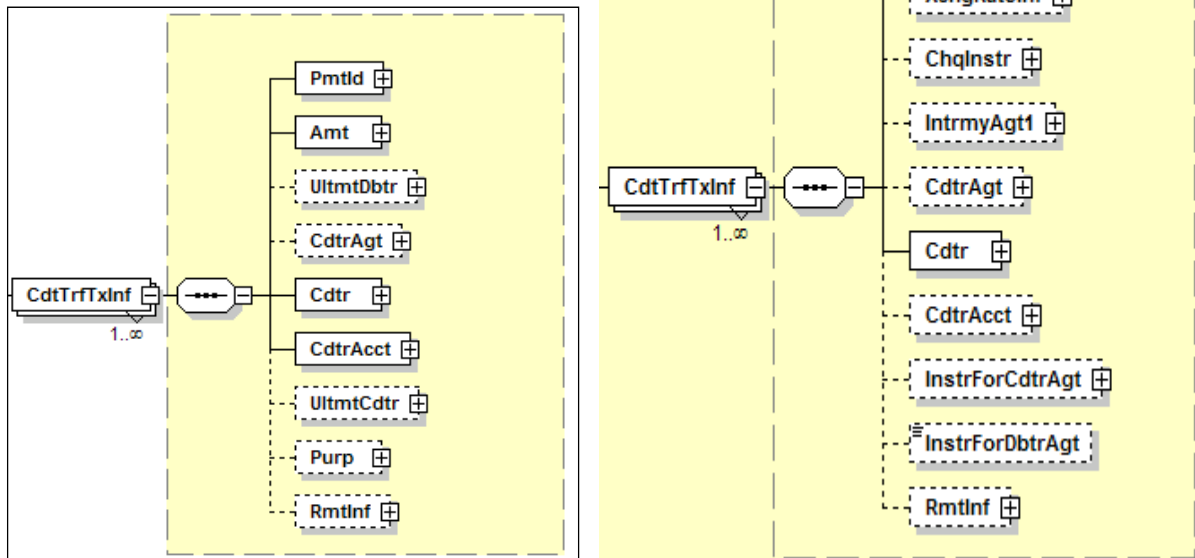
```

<ChrgsAcct>
  <Id>
    <IBAN>BE69539007547035</IBAN>
  </Id>
</ChrgsAcct>
    
```

2.23 CreditTransferTransactionInformation

European Credit Transfer

Generic Credit Transfer



Definition : Set of elements providing information which is specific for the individual transaction(s) included into the message.

XML Tag : <CdtTrfTxInf>

Occurrences : [1..n]

Rules : The following elements must not be used for a European Credit Transfer:

ExchangeRateInformation

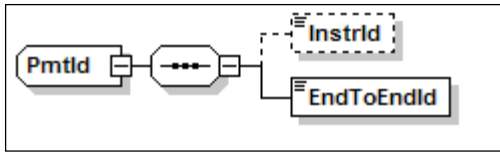
ChequeInstruction

IntermediaryAgent1

InstructionForCreditorAgent

InstructionForDebtorAgent

2.24 PaymentIdentification



Definition : Set of elements as a reference for a payment instruction.

XML Tag : <PmtId>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Index	Name
2.25	InstructionIdentification
2.26	EndToEndIdentification

2.25 InstructionIdentification



This Message item is part of PaymentIdentification (2.24)

Definition : the instructionIdentification is a unique reference assigned by the Initiator to unambiguously identify the transaction.

As this identification is a point to point reference between the Initiator and the DebtorAgent, it is not forwarded to the CreditorAgent.

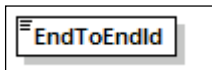
Remark : this field is for future use in Status Reporting and Account Statements in XML-format.

XML Tag : <InstrId>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : max35Text

2.26 EndToEndIdentification



This Message item is part of PaymentIdentification (2.24)

Definition : Unique identification assigned by the initiating party in order to unambiguously identify the transaction. This identification is passed on, unchanged, throughout the entire end-to-end chain.

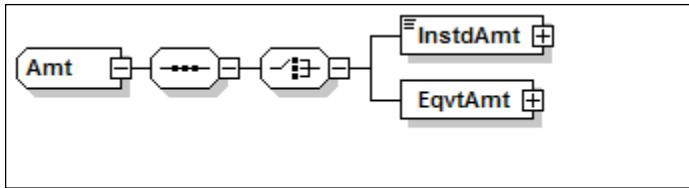
XML Tag : <EndToEndId>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : max35Text

Rules : For European Credit Transfers, this unique identification is passed on to the creditor.

2.37 Amount



Definition : Amount of money to be moved between the debtor and creditor.

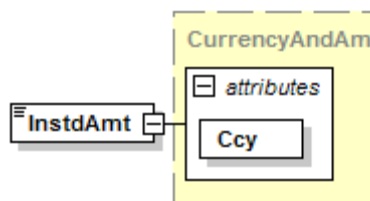
XML Tag : <Amt>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
InstructedAmount	<InstdAmt>	2.38	[1..1]{Or}	
EquivalentAmount	<EqvtAmt>	2.39	[1..1]Or}	

2.38 InstructedAmount



This Message item is part of Amount (2.37)

Definition : Amount of the Credit Transfer labelled in the currency as ordered by the initiating party.

XML Tag : <InstdAmt>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Maximum 11 digits for European Credit Transfers and maximum 13 digits for other Credit Transfers, two of which for the fractional part.

Decimal separator is "."

Currency is explicit and included into the XML-tag.

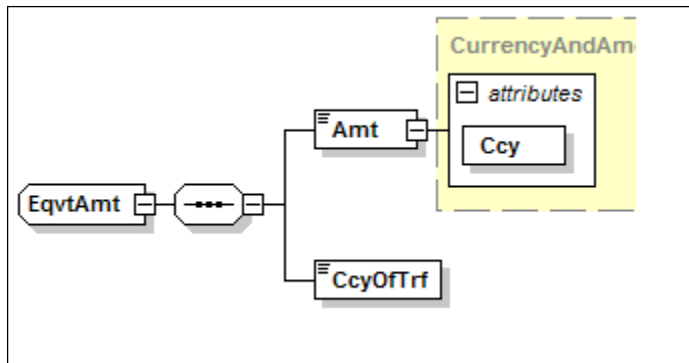
Rules :

- Currency must be "EUR" for European Credit Transfers.
- Amount must be bigger than 0.

Example :

```
<InstdAmt Ccy="EUR">4723.34</InstdAmt>
```

2.39 EquivalentAmount



This Message item is part of Amount (2.37)

Definition : Amount of the Credit Transfer labelled in the currency of the Debtor's Account and to be converted into a different currency.

XML Tag : <EqvtAmt>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Amount	<Amt>	2.40	[1..1]	15 digits
CurrencyOfTransfer	<CcyOfTrf>	2.41	[1..1]	ISO Currency Code

Amount : Maximum 13 digits, two of which for the fractional part.

Decimal separator is "."

Currency is explicit and included into the XML-tag.

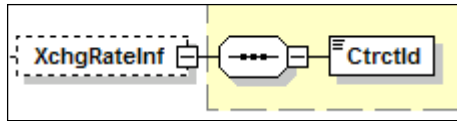
- Rules :**
- Amount must be bigger than 0.
 - Amount is labelled in the currency of the Debtor's Account, but this amount is to be converted and transferred into the currency defined by "CurrencyOfTransfer".
 - **EquivalentAmount must not be used for European Credit Transfers.**

Example : Pay equivalent of 1,500 EUR in JPY (and account is in EUR)

```

<EqvtAmt>
  <Amt Ccy="EUR">1500</Amt>
  <CcyOfTrf>JPY</CcyOfTrf>
</EqvtAmt>
    
```

2.42 ExchangeRateInformation



Definition : Information on the exchange contract which goes together with the payment transaction.

XML Tag : <XchgRateInf>

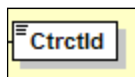
Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
ContractIdentification	<CtrctId>	2.45	[1..1]	Max35Text

Rules : ExchangeRateInformation must not be used for European Credit Transfers.

2.45 ContractIdentification



This Message item is part of ExchangeRateInformation (2.42)

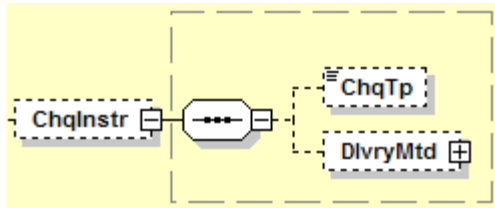
Definition : Unique reference of the foreign exchange contract agreed upon between the Debtor and his bank.

XML Tag : <CtrctId>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Max35Text

2.47 ChequeInstruction



Definition : Information related to the issue of a cheque.

XML Tag : <ChqInstr>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
ChequeType	<ChqTp>		[0..1]	Code
DeliveryMethod	<DlvryMtd>		[0..1]	

Rugles :

- **ChequeInstruction must not be used for European Credit Transfers.**

- ChequeInstruction is mandatory if PaymetMethod is Cheque (CHQ)
- ChequeInstruction is not allowed if PaymentMethod is Transfer (TRF)

Example :

```

<ChqInstr>
  <ChqTp>BCHQ</ChqTp>
  <DlvryMtd>
    <Cd>MLCD</Cd>
  </DlvryMtd>
</ChqInstr>
    
```

2.47 ChequeType



This Message item is part of ChequeInstruction (2.47)

Definition : specifies the type of cheque to be issued.

XML Tag : <ChqTp>

Occurrences : [0..1]

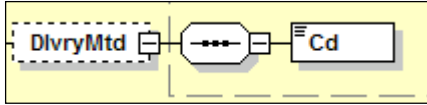
Format : Code

The following Code value must be used:

Code	Name	Definition
BCHQ	BankCheque	Cheque drawn on the account of the Debtor's Bank, which is debited on the Debtor's Account when the cheque is issued.

- Rules :**
- **ChequeType must not be used for European Credit Transfers**
 - if absent and if PaymentMethod is Cheque, then BankCheque (BCHQ) will be used as default value for ChequeType.

2.47 DeliveryMethod



This Message item is part of ChequeInstruction (2.47)

Definition : specifies the method for the delivery of the cheque by the Debtor's Bank.

XML Tag : <DlvryMtd><Code>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following element(s) :

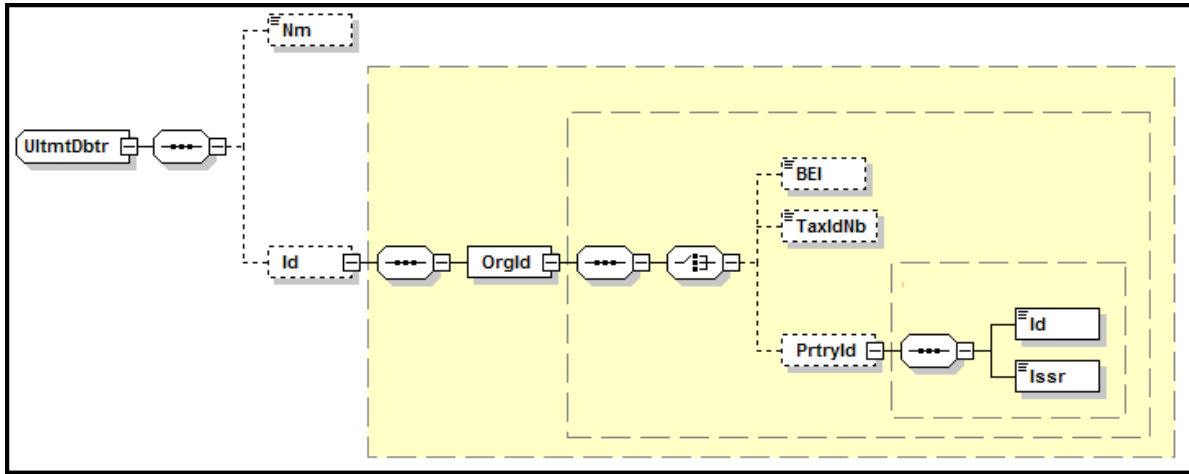
Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Code	<Cd>		[1..1]	Code

The following Code value must be used :

Code	Name	Definition
MLCD	MailToCreditor	Cheque is to be sent via mail to Creditor.
MLDB	MailToDebtor	Cheque is to be sent via mail to Debtor.
PUDB	PickUpByDebtor	Cheque will be picked up by Debtor.

Rules : If absent, then MailToCreditor (MLCD) will be applied as default value.

2.48 UltimateDebtor



Definition : Ultimate party that owes an amount of money to the (ultimate) creditor.
UltimateDebtor is only to be used if different from Debtor.

XML Tag : `<UltmtDbtr>`

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Occurrences	Format
Name	<code><Nm></code>	[0..1]	Max70Text
Identification	<code><Id></code>	[0..1]	
OrganisationIdentification	<code><OrgId></code>	[1..1]	
Business Entity Identifier (BEI)	<code><BEI></code>	[0..1]{Or}	BIC-format
TaxIdNumber	<code><TaxIdNb></code>	[0..1]Or	Max35Text
ProprietaryIdentification	<code><PrtryId></code>	[0..1]Or}	Max35Text
Identification	<code><Id></code>	[1..1]	Max35Text
Issuer	<code><Issr></code>	[1..1]	Max35Text

Rules : Ultimate Debtor may be present either at 'Payment Information' or at 'Credit Transfer Transaction Information' level

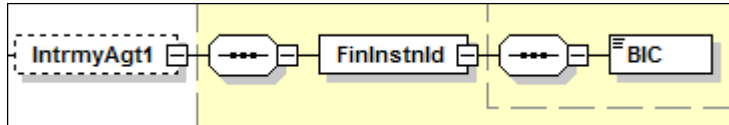
If used for Belgian companies, Identification (within ProprietaryIdentification) must contain the Enterprise Number (10 digits) and as Issuer "KBO-BCE"

Ultimate Debtor is only to be used for European Credit Transfers, not for Generic Credit Transfers

Example :

```
<UltmtDbtr>
  <Id>
    <OrgId>
      <PrtryId>
        <Id>0468651441</Id>
        <Issr>KBO-BCE</Issr>
      </PrtryId>
    </OrgId>
  </Id>
</UltmtDbtr>
```

2.49 IntermediaryAgent1



Definition : Financial institution between the Debtor Bank and the Creditor Bank.

XML Tag : <IntrmyAgt1>

Occurrence : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>		[1..1]	
BIC	<BIC>		[1..1]	BIC-format

The Bank Identifier Code (BIC) consists of 8 or 11 characters.

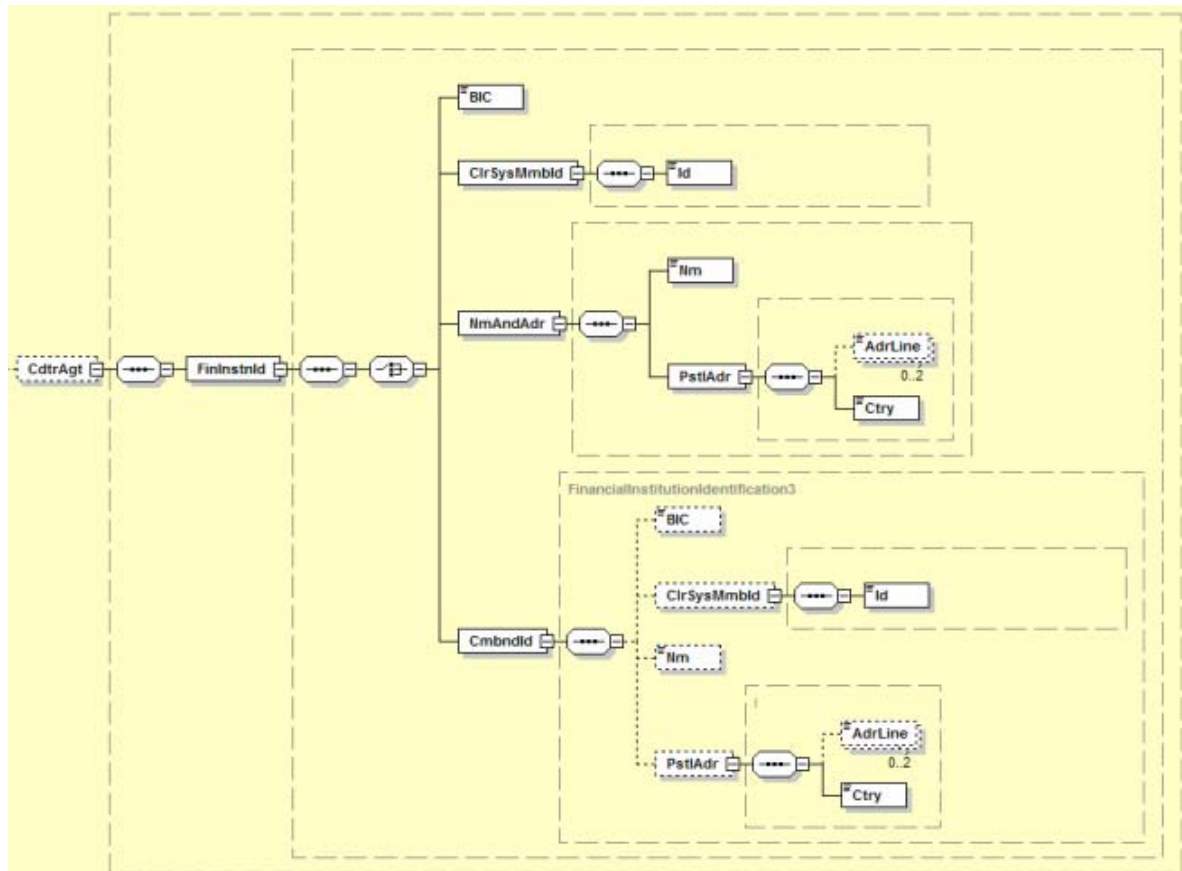
- Rules :**
- IntermediaryAgent1 must be absent if TransferMethod is Cheque (CHQ).
 - **IntermediaryAgent1 must not be used for European Credit Transfers**

Example :

```

<IntrmyAgt1>
  <FinInstnId>
    <BIC>CRBABE22</BIC>
  </FinInstnId>
</IntrmyAgt1>
    
```

2.55 CreditorAgent



Definition : Financial institution servicing the account of the creditor.

XML Tag : <CdtrAgt>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>		[1..1]	
BIC	<BIC>		[1..1]{Or	BIC-format
ClearingSystemMemberIdentification	<ClrSysMmbld>		[1..1]Or	
Identification	<Id>		[1..1]	List of Clearing Systems
NameAndAddress	<NmAndAdr>		[1..1]Or	
Name	<Nm>		[1..1]	Max70Text
PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>		[1..1]	
AddressLine	<AdrLine>		[0..2]	Max70Text
Country	<Ctry>		[1..1]	ISO Country Code
CombinedIdentification			[1..1]Or}	
BIC	<BIC>		[0..1]	BIC-format
ClearingSystemMemberIdentification	<ClrSysMmbld>		[0..1]	
Identification	<Id>		[1..1]	List of Clearing Systems
Name	<Nm>		[0..1]	Max70Text
PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>		[0..1]	
AddressLine	<AdrLine>		[0..2]	Max70Text
Country	<Ctry>		[1..1]	ISO Country Code

The Financial Institution can be identified by means of its BIC, its ClearingSystemMemberIdentification, its NameAndAddress or a combination of those items.

The Bank Identifier Code (BIC) consists of 8 or 11 characters.

The ClearingSystemMemberIdentification is the identification code of a bank within a National Clearing System (see code list as enclosure 1).

- Rules :**
- the identification of the Creditor Agent preferably must be done on the basis of the BIC.
Other possibilities are :
 - the ClearingSystemMemberIdentification
 - the NameAndAddress
 - a combination of BIC/ClearingSystemMemberIdentification/NameAndAddress
 - In principle, the BIC is mandatory for European Credit Transfers, but for many Belgian Debtor Banks, the BIC of the Creditor Bank is optional for IBAN's starting with BE.

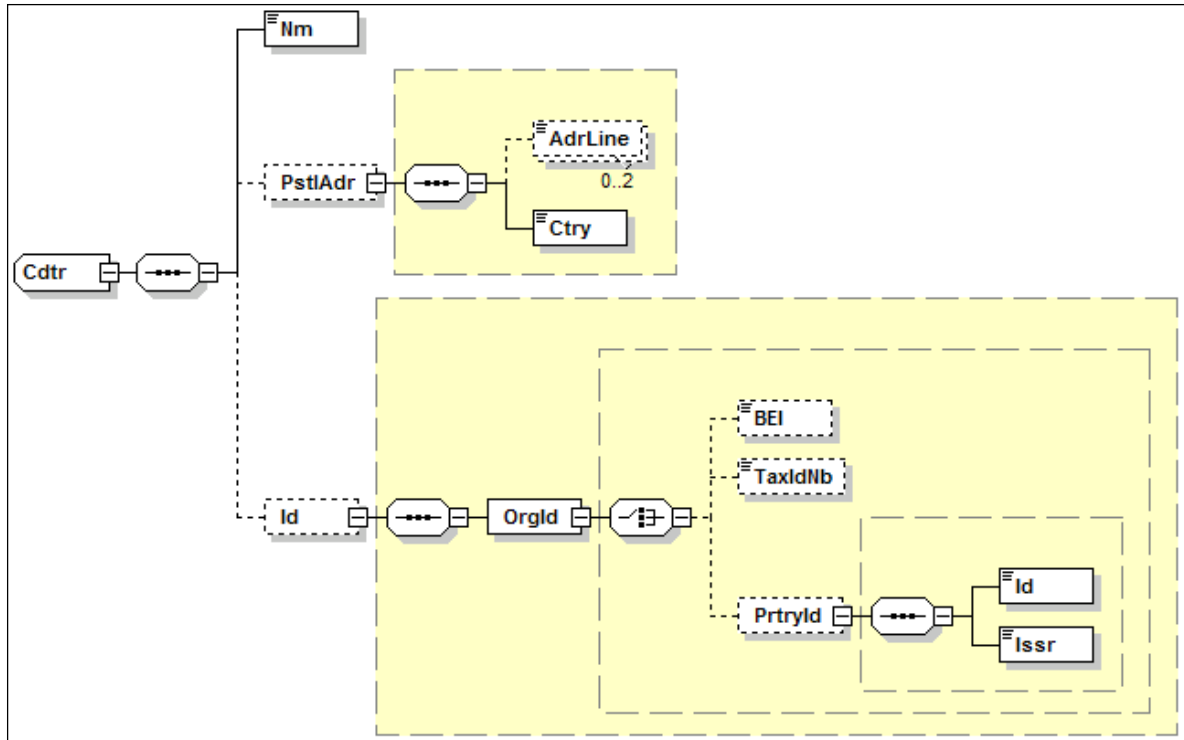
Example 1 : in this example, the CreditorAgent is identified by means of his BIC.

```
<CdtrAgt>
  <FinInstnId>
    <BIC>CRBABE22</BIC>
  </FinInstnId>
</CdtrAgt>
```

Example 2 : this example shows a combination of BIC and ClearingSystemMemberIdentification.

```
<CdtrAgt>
  <FinInstnId>
    <CmbnId>
      <BIC>BANKGB22</BIC>
      <ClrSysMmbld>
        <Id>GBDSC123456</Id>
      </ClrSysMmbld>
    </CmbnId>
  </FinInstnId>
</CdtrAgt>
```

2.57 Creditor



Definition : Party to which an amount of money is due.

XML Tag : <Cdtr>

Occurrence : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences
Name	<Nm>	[1..1]	Max70Text
PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	[0..1]	
AddressLine	<AdrLine>	[0..2]	Max70Text
Country	<Ctry>	[1..1]	ISO Country Code
Identification	<Id>	[0..1]	
OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]	
BusinessEntityIdentifier (BEI)	<BEI>	[0..1]{Or	BIC-format
TaxIdentificationNumber	<TaxIdNb>	[0..1]Or	Max35Text
ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	[0..1]Or}	
Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	Max35Text
Issuer	<Issr>	[1..1]	Max35Text

Rules : Street and Buildingnumber must be put on the first AddressLine, the Postalcode and Town on the second AddressLine.

It is recommended to limit the length of Name and each AddressLine to 35 characters.

Identification is only to be used for European Credit Transfers, not for Generic Credit Transfers.

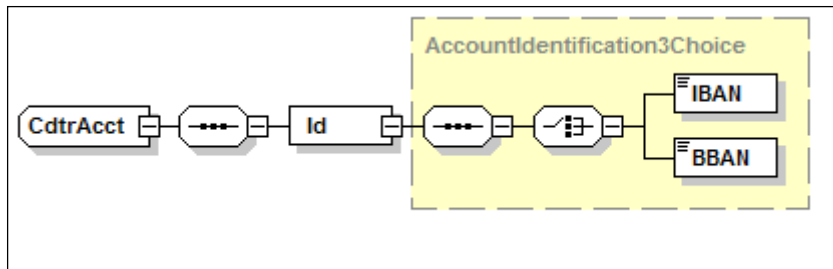
For usage of Identification, please contact your bank.

For Belgian companies, Identification (within ProprietaryIdentification) must contain the Enterprise Number (10 digits) and as Issuer "KBO-BCE".

Example :

```
<Cdtr>
  <Nm>SocMetal</Nm>
  <PstlAdr>
    <AdrLine>Hoogstraat 156</AdrLine>
    <AdrLine>2000 Antwerp</AdrLine>
    <Ctry>BE</Ctry>
  </PstlAdr>
</Cdtr>
```

2.58 CreditorAccount



Definition : Unambiguous identification of the creditor's account to which a credit entry will be booked as a result of the payment transaction.

XML Tag : <CdtrAcct>

Occurrences : [1..1] for European Credit Transfers
[0..1] for non-European Credit Transfers

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Identification	<Id>		[1..1]	
IBAN (International Bank Account Number)	<IBAN>		[1..1]{Or	IBAN-format
BBAN (Basic Bank Account Number)	<BBAN>		[1..1]Or}	BBAN-format Max30Text

Rules:

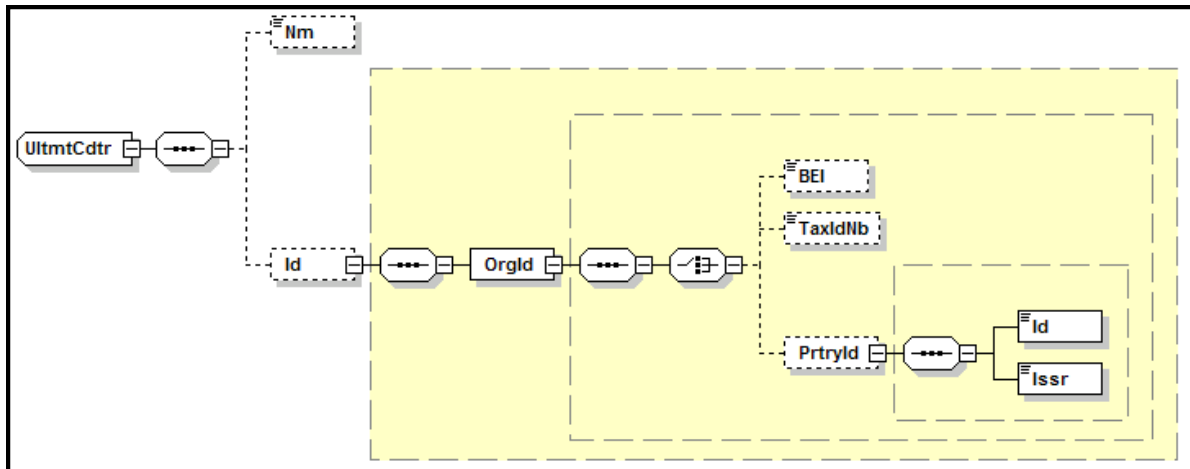
- CreditorAccount is mandatory if PaymentMethod is Transfer (TRF)
- IBAN always must be used for Belgian accounts and for accounts in a SEPA country

Example :

```

<CdtrAcct>
  <Id>
    <IBAN>BE43187123456701</IBAN>
  </Id>
</CdtrAcct>
    
```


2.59 UltimateCreditor



Definition : Ultimate party to which an amount of money is due
 UltimateCreditor is only to be used if different from Creditor.

XML Tag : <UltmtCdtr>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Occurrences	Format
Name	<Nm>	[0..1]	Max70Text
Identification	<Id>	[0..1]	
OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]	
Business Entity Identifier (BEI)	<BEI>	[0..1]{Or	BIC-format
TaxIdNumber	<TaxIdNb>	[0..1]Or	Max35Text
ProprietaryIdentification	<PrtryId>	[0..1]Or}	Max35Text
Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	Max35Text
Issuer	<Issr>	[1..1]	Max35Text

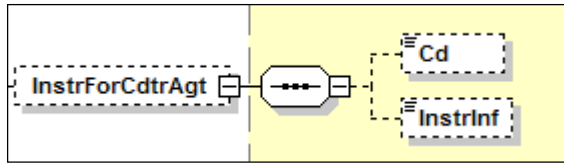
Rules : If used for Belgian companies, Identification (within ProprietaryIdentification) must contain the Enterprise Number (10 digits) and as Issuer "KBO-BCE"
 Ultimate Creditor is only to be used for European Credit Transfers, not for Generic Credit Transfers.

Example :

```

<UltmtCdtr>
  <Id>
    <OrgId>
      <PrtryId>
        <Id>0468651441</Id>
        <Issr>KBO-BCE</Issr>
      </PrtryId>
    </OrgId>
  </Id>
</UltmtCdtr>
    
```

2.60 InstructionForCreditorAgent



Definition : Instructions related to the processing of the payment, intended for the Creditor Bank.

XML Tag : <InstrForCdtrAgt>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
Code	<Cd>	2.61	[0..1]	Code
InstructionInformation	<InstrInf>	2.62	[0..1]	Max30Text

The following values must be used for Code:

Code	Name	Definition
HOLD	HoldCashForCreditor	Amount of money to be held for the Creditor, who will call. Pay upon identification.
PHOB	PhoneBeneficiary	Please advise/contact creditor by phone.
TELB	Telecom	Please advise/contact Creditor through the most efficient means of telecommunication.

InstructionInformation contains further information as a supplement to the coded instruction or an instruction which is bilaterally agreed upon.

Rules : if **InstructionForCreditorAgent** is present, the payment will not be considered as a **European Credit Transfer**.

Example :

```

    <InstrForCdtrAgt>
      <Cd>PHOB</Cd>
      <InstrInf>Tel.023147642</InstrInf>
    </InstrForCdtrAgt>
    
```

2.63 InstructionForDebtorAgent



Definition : Instructions related to the processing of the payment, intended for the Debtor Bank.

XML Tag : <InstrForDbtrAgt>

Occurrences : [0..1]

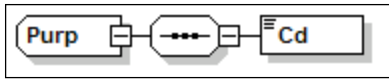
Format : Max30Text

Rules : if InstructionForDebtorAgent is present, the payment will not be considered as a European Credit Transfer.

Example :

```
<InstrForDbtrAgt>Confirm exec. at 024537846 </InstrForDbtrAgt>
```

2.64 Purpose



Definition : underlying reason for the payment transaction.

Purpose is used by the Debtor to provide information to the Creditor, concerning the nature of the payment transaction. It is not used for processing by any of the banks involved.

XML Tag : <Purp>

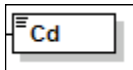
Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item contains the following element:

Index	Name
2.65	Code

Rules : Purpose is only to be used for European Credit Transfers, not for Generic Credit Transfers.

2.65 Code



This message item is part of PaymentIdentification (2.64)

Definition : Specifies the underlying reason of the payment transaction

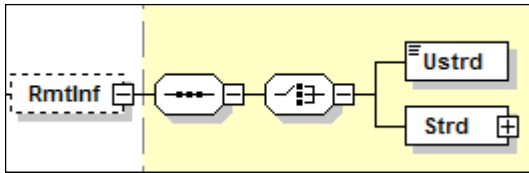
XML Tag : <Cd>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : Code

For list of possible codes for Purpose, see [Payments External Code Lists spreadsheet](http://www.iso20022.org/External_Code_Lists_spreadsheet) at http://www.iso20022.org/External_Code_Lists_and_DSS.page

2.84 RemittanceInformation



Definition : Information which makes it possible to match a payment with the items it is supposed to settle, e.g. commercial invoices within an account receivable system.

This information can be structured or unstructured.

XML Tag : <RmtInf>

Occurrences : [0..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Index		Name
2.85	{Or	Unstructured
2.86	Or}	Structured

Rules : Either Structured or Unstructured, may be present, but not the two at the same time.

2.85 Unstructured



This Message item is part of RemittanceInformation (2.84)

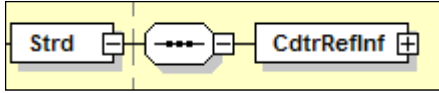
Definition : Information supplied so as to enable the matching of an entry with the items the transfer is supposed to settle, e.g. a commercial invoice, in an unstructured form.

XML Tag : <Ustrd>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : max140Text

2.86 Structured



This Message item is part of RemittanceInformation (2.84)

Definition : Information which makes it possible to match a payment with the items it is supposed to settle, in a structured form.

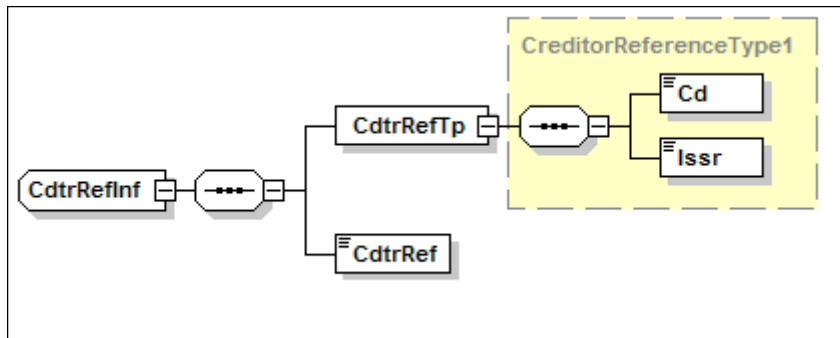
XML Tag : <Strd>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following element:

Index	Name
2.100	CreditorReferenceInformation

2.100 CreditorReferenceInformation



This Message item is part of Structured (2.86)

Definition : Information provided by the creditor in a structured form for the purpose of an automatic matching of an entry with the items the transfer is supposed to settle, e.g. a commercial invoice within an account receivable system.

This item is to be used for the Structured Communication, supported by the Belgian Banks.

XML Tag : <CdtrRefInf>

Occurrences : [1..1]

Format : This message item consists of the following elements:

Name	XML Tag	Index	Occurrences	Format
CreditorReferenceType	<CdtrRefTp>	2.101	[1..1]	tag
Code	<Cd>	2.102	[1..1]	Code
Issuer	<Issr>	2.104	[1..1]	max35Text
CreditorReference	<CdtrRef>	2.105	[1..1]	Structured Number

If the Belgian Structured Communication is used, the following value must be used as Code for CreditorReferenceType:

Code	Name	Definition
SCOR	StructuredCommunication Reference	Document is a structured communication reference provided by the creditor for the purpose of identifying the transaction referred to.

Et la valeur suivante doit être utilisée comme Issuer pour le CreditorReferenceType :

Code	Name	Definition
BBA	The Belgian Bankers' and Stockbroking Firms' Association	The Belgian Bankers' and Stockbroking Firms' Association

Rules :

- the CreditorReference contains the Belgian 12 digit structured communication, with the last 2 digits as check digits (modulo 97) of the first 10 digits, but if the result is 0, then the check digits are 97.

- This Structured CreditorReferenceInformation is supported only by the Belgian banks.

Example :

```
< CdtrRefInf>
  <CdtrRefTp>
    <Cd>SCOR</Cd>
    <Issr>BBA</Issr>
  </CdtrRefTp>
  <CdtrRef>010806817183</CdtrRef>
</CdtrRefInf>
```


5 Examples of XML-messages with Credit transfers

Description :

The examples contain payments with the following data :

Initiator : the Cobelfac company with "0468651441" as Enterprise Number

Payment 1 :

Requested execution date : 29/09/2008

Debtor : the "Cobelfac" company with account (IBAN) "BE68539007547034"
at bank (BIC) "AAAABE33"

End-To-End Reference : ABC/4562/2008-09-28

Amount & Currency : 535.25 EUR

Creditor : the "SocMetal" company with address "Hoogstraat156, 2000 Antwerp"
and account (IBAN) "BE43187123456701"
at bank (BIC) "CRBABE22"

Remittance information (unstructured) : "Invoice 378265"

Payment 2 :

Requested execution date : 29/09/2008

Debtor : the Cobelfac company with account (IBAN) "BE68539007547034"
at bank (BIC) "AAAABE33"

End-To-End Reference : ABC/4563/2008-09-28

Amount & Currency : 1,400 EUR

Creditor : the "Telephone Company" with
account (IBAN) "BE31628765432155"
at bank (BIC) "CCCCBE22"

Belgian structured communication : "010806817183"

Payment 3 :

Requested execution date : 29/09/2008

Debtor : the "Cobelfac" company with account (IBAN) "BE68539007547034"
at bank (BIC) "AAAABE33"

End-To-End Reference : ABC/4564/2008-09-28

Amount & Currency : 72.840,75 USD

Creditor : the "General Telephone Cy";
with address "Highstreet 7b, New York"
and account "86379524"
at bank with BIC "MYBBUS33" and Chips identifier "3468"

Remittance information (unstructured) : "X-Atlantic telephone traffic August"

Priority of payment is High

Category Purpose of payment is "Supplier"

Transaction charges are shared

In example 1, all three payments are to be executed as single payments, the result being a separate booking on Debtor's Account for each of the payments

In example 2, a batch payment is to be executed for payment 1 and payment 2, the result being one debit entry on Debtor's account for both payments.

Remark : the indentation of the lines in the examples is used only for clarifying their presentation, and is not visible in a real XML-message.

5.1 Example 1 : Single payments

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Document xmlns="urn:iso:std:iso:20022:tech:xsd:pain.001.001.02"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<pain.001.001.02>
  <GrpHdr>
    <MsgId>ABC/060928/CCT001</MsgId>
    <CreDtTm>2008-09-28T14:07:00</CreDtTm>
    <BtchBookg>>false</BtchBookg>
    <NbOfTxs>3</NbOfTxs>
    <Grpg>MIXD</Grpg>
    <InitgPty>
      <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
      <Id>
        <OrgId>
          <PrtryId>
            <Id>0468651441</Id>
            <Issr>KBO-BCE</Issr>
          </PrtryId>
        </OrgId>
      </Id>
    </InitgPty>
  </GrpHdr>
  <PmtInf>
    <PmtMtd>TRF</PmtMtd>
    <PmtTpInf>
      <SvcLvl>
        <Cd>SEPA</Cd>
      </SvcLvl>
    </PmtTpInf>
    <ReqdExctnDt>2008-09-29</ReqdExctnDt>
    <Dbtr>
      <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
    </Dbtr>
    <DbtrAcct>
      <Id>
        <IBAN>BE68539007547034</IBAN>
      </Id>
    </DbtrAcct>
    <DbtrAgt>
      <FinInstnId>
        <BIC>AAAABE33</BIC>
      </FinInstnId>
    </DbtrAgt>
  </PmtInf>
</pain.001.001.02>
</Document>
```

```
</FinInstnId>
</DbtrAgt>
<CdtTrfTxInf>
  <PmtId>
    <EndToEndId>ABC/4562/2008-09-28</EndToEndId>
  </PmtId>
  <Amt>
    <InstdAmt Ccy="EUR">535.25</InstdAmt>
  </Amt>
  <CdtrAgt>
    <FinInstnId>
      <BIC>CRBABE22</BIC>
    </FinInstnId>
  </CdtrAgt>
  <Cdtr>
    <Nm>SocMetal</Nm>
    <PstlAdr>
      <AdrLine>Hoogstraat 156</AdrLine>
      <AdrLine>2000 Antwerp</AdrLine>
      <Ctry>BE</Ctry>
    </PstlAdr>
  </Cdtr>
  <CdtrAcct>
    <Id>
      <IBAN>BE43187123456701</IBAN>
    </Id>
  </CdtrAcct>
  <RmtInf>
    <Ustrd>Invoice 378265</Ustrd>
  </RmtInf>
</CdtTrfTxInf>
</PmtInf>
<PmtInf>
  <PmtMtd>TRF</PmtMtd>
  <PmtTpInf>
    <SvcLvl>
      <Cd>SEPA</Cd>
    </SvcLvl>
  </PmtTpInf>
  <ReqdExctnDt>2008-09-29</ReqdExctnDt>
  <Dbtr>
    <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
  </Dbtr>
  <DbtrAcct>
```

```
<Id>
  <IBAN>BE68539007547034</IBAN>
</Id>
</DbtrAcct>
<DbtrAgt>
  <FinInstnId>
    <BIC>AAAABE33</BIC>
  </FinInstnId>
</DbtrAgt>
<CdtTrfTxInf>
  <PmtId>
    <EndToEndId>ABC/4563/2008-09-28</EndToEndId>
  </PmtId>
  <Amt>
    <InstdAmt Ccy="EUR">1400</InstdAmt>
  </Amt>
  <CdtrAgt>
    <FinInstnId>
      <BIC>CCCCBE22</BIC>
    </FinInstnId>
  </CdtrAgt>
  <Cdtr>
    <Nm>Telephone Company</Nm>
  </Cdtr>
  <CdtrAcct>
    <Id>
      <IBAN>BE31628765432155</IBAN>
    </Id>
  </CdtrAcct>
  <RmtInf>
    <Strd>
      <CdtrRefInf>
        <CdtrRefTp>
          <Cd>SCOR</Cd>
          <Issr>BBA</Issr>
        </CdtrRefTp>
        <CdtrRef>010806817183</CdtrRef>
      </CdtrRefInf>
    </Strd>
  </RmtInf>
</CdtTrfTxInf>
</PmtInf>
<PmtInf>
  <PmtMtd>TRF</PmtMtd>
```

```
<PmtTpInf>
  <InstrPrty>HIGH</InstrPrty>
  <CtgyPurp>SUPP</CtgyPurp>
</PmtTpInf>
<ReqdExctnDt>2008-09-29</ReqdExctnDt>
<Dbtr>
  <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
</Dbtr>
<DbtrAcct>
  <Id>
    <IBAN>BE68539007547034</IBAN>
  </Id>
</DbtrAcct>
<DbtrAgt>
  <FinInstnId>
    <BIC>AAAABE33</BIC>
  </FinInstnId>
</DbtrAgt>
<ChrgBr>SHAR</ChrgBr>
<CdtTrfTxInf>
  <PmtId>
    <EndToEndId>ABC/4564/2008-09-28</EndToEndId>
  </PmtId>
  <Amt>
    <InstdAmt Ccy="USD">72840.75</InstdAmt>
  </Amt>
  <CdtrAgt>
    <FinInstnId>
      <CmbndId>
        <BIC>MYBAUS33</BIC>
        <ClrSysMmbId>
          <ID>/USPID3648</ID>
        </ClrSysMmbId>
      </CmbndId>
    </FinInstnId>
  </CdtrAgt>
  <Cdtr>
    <Nm>General Telephone Cy</Nm>
    <PstlAdr>
      <AdrLine>Highstreet 7b</AdrLine>
      <AdrLine>New York</AdrLine>
      <Ctry>US</Ctry>
    </PstlAdr>
  </Cdtr>
```

```
<CdtrAcct>
  <Id>
    <BBAN>86379524</BBAN>
  </Id>
</CdtrAcct>
<RmtInf>
  <Ustrd> X-Atlantic telephone traffic August</Ustrd>
</RmtInf>
</CdtTrfTxInf>
</PmtInf>
</pain.001.001.02>
</Document>
```

5.2 Example 2 : Batch payment

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Document xmlns="urn:iso:std:iso:20022:tech:xsd:pain.001.001.02"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<pain.001.001.02>
  <GrpHdr>
    <MsgId>ABC/060929/CCT001</MsgId>
    <CreDtTm>2008-09-28T14:08:00</CreDtTm>
    <BtchBookg>true</BtchBookg>
    <NbOfTxs>2</NbOfTxs>
    <Grgp>MIXD</Grgp>
    <InitgPty>
      <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
      <Id>
        <OrgId>
          <PrtryId>
            <Id>0468651441</Id>
            <Issr>KBO-BCE</Issr>
          </PrtryId>
        </OrgId>
      </Id>
    </InitgPty>
  </GrpHdr>
  <PmtInf>
    <PmtInfId> ABC/4560/2008-09-28</PmtInfId>
    <PmtMtd>TRF</PmtMtd>
    <PmtTpInf>
      <SvcLvl>
        <Cd>SEPA</Cd>
      </SvcLvl>
    </PmtTpInf>
    <ReqdExctnDt>2008-09-29</ReqdExctnDt>
    <Dbtr>
      <Nm>Cobelfac</Nm>
    </Dbtr>
    <DbtrAcct>
      <Id>
        <IBAN>BE68539007547034</IBAN>
      </Id>
    </DbtrAcct>
    <DbtrAgt>
      <FinInstnId>
```

```
<BIC>AAAABE33</BIC>
</FinInstnId>
</DbtrAgt>
<CdtTrfTxInf>
  <PmtId>
    <EndToEndId>ABC/4562/2008-09-28</EndToEndId>
  </PmtId>
  <Amt>
    <InstdAmt Ccy="EUR">535.25</InstdAmt>
  </Amt>
  <CdtrAgt>
    <FinInstnId>
      <BIC>CRBABE22</BIC>
    </FinInstnId>
  </CdtrAgt>
  <Cdtr>
    <Nm>SocMetal</Nm>
    <PstlAdr>
      <AdrLine>Hoogstraat 156</AdrLine>
      <AdrLine>2000 Antwerp</AdrLine>
      <Ctry>BE</Ctry>
    </PstlAdr>
  </Cdtr>
  <CdtrAcct>
    <Id>
      <IBAN>BE43187123456701</IBAN>
    </Id>
  </CdtrAcct>
  <RmtInf>
    <Ustrd>Invoice 378265</Ustrd>
  </RmtInf>
</CdtTrfTxInf>
<CdtTrfTxInf>
  <PmtId>
    <EndToEndId>ABC/4563/2008-09-28</EndToEndId>
  </PmtId>
  <Amt>
    <InstdAmt Ccy="EUR">1400</InstdAmt>
  </Amt>
  <CdtrAgt>
    <FinInstnId>
      <BIC>CCCCBE22</BIC>
    </FinInstnId>
  </CdtrAgt>
```



```
<Cdtr>
  <Nm>Telephone Company</Nm>
</Cdtr>
<CdtrAcct>
  <Id>
    <IBAN>BE31628765432155</IBAN>
  </Id>
</CdtrAcct>
<RmtInf>
  <Strd>
    <CdtrRefInf>
      <CdtrRefTp>
        <Cd>SCOR</Cd>
        <Issr>BBA</Issr>
      </CdtrRefTp>
      <CdtrRef>010806817183</CdtrRef>
    </CdtrRefInf>
  </Strd>
</RmtInf>
</CdtTrfTxInf>
</PmtInf>
</pain.001.001.02>
</Document>
```

Annex 1 : List of Clearing System Member Identifications

cOUNTRY	Clearing	Clearing System Member Identification	
		Prefix	Bank Identifier ([character type] {length})
Australia	Australian Bank State Branch Code	AUBSB	[0-9]{6,6}
Austria	Austrian Bankleitzahl	ATBLZ	[0-9]{5,5}
Canada	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number	CACPA	[0-9]{9,9}
China	CNAPS Identifier	CNAPS	[0-9]{12,12}
Germany	German Bankleitzahl	DEBLZ	[0-9]{8,8}
Greece	Hellenic Bank Identification Code	GRHIC	[0-9]{7,7}
Hong Kong	Hong Kong Bank Code	HKNCC	[0-9]{3,3}
India	Indian Financial System code	INFSC	[a-zA-Z0-9]{11,11}
Ireland	Irish National Clearing Code	IENCC	[0-9]{6,6}
Italy	Italian Domestic Identification Code	ITNCC	[0-9]{10,10}
Japan	Japan Zengin Clearing Code	JPZGN	[0-9]{7,7}
New Zealand	New Zealand National Clearing Code	NZNCC	[0-9]{6,6}
Poland	Polish National Clearing Code	PLKNR	[0-9]{8,8}
Portugal	Portuguese National Clearing Code	PTNCC	[0-9]{8,8}
Russia	Russian Central Bank Identification Code	RUCBC	[0-9]{9,9}
Singapore	IBG Sort Code	SGIBG	[0-9]{7,7} or [0-9]{3,4}
South Africa	South African National Clearing Code	ZANCC	[0-9]{6,6}
Spain	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code	ESNCC	[0-9]{8,9}
Switzerland	Swiss Clearing Code (BC Code)	CHBCC	[0-9]{3,5}
Switzerland	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC Code)	CHSIC	[0-9]{6,6}
Taiwan	Financial Institution Code	TWNCC	[0-9]{7,7}
UK	UK Domestic Sort Code	GBDSC	[0-9]{6,6}
US	Chips Participant Identifier	USPID	[0-9]{4,4}
US	Fedwire Routing Number	USABA	[0-9]{9,9}

Annex 2: List of changes

This list gives an overview of changes in the successive versions of these Guidelines.

<u>v1.1 of 3/8/2007</u>	
Chapter / Index	Description
1. Introduction	Replace start date 1/1/2008 by 28/1/2008
1.4 Message Structure	Additional info about the technical envelope of an XML-file
1.8 InitiatingParty 5.1 Examples	Replace tag </PrtyId> by </PrtryId>
2.17 DebtorAgent 2.49 IntermediaryAgent1 2.55 CreditorAgent 5.1 Examples	Replace tags <FinInstId> and </FinInstId> resp. by <FinInstnId> and </FinInstnId>
<u>V1.2 of 14/11/2007</u>	
Graphic representations	Graphic representation of several Message items (full or dotted line) in line with their occurrence rule [0..1] and [1..1]
1.1 MessageIdentification 2.1 PaymentInformationIdentification	Recommendation to limit the maximum length to 30 characters.
2.1 PaymentInformationIdentification	Presence depends only on BatchBooking, not on Grouping.
2.7 Proprietary	Proprietary identification of Service Level : occurrence is [1..1] instead of [0..1]
2.23 CreditTransferTransactionInformation	Replace tag <CdTrfTxInf> by <CdtTrfTxInf>
2.49 IntermediaryAgent1	Replace tag <CtrAgt> by <IntrmyAgt1> in example
2.100 CreditorReferenceInformation 5.1 and 5.2 Examples	Replace "FEBELFIN" by "BBA" as Issuer
Annex 1 List of Clearing System Member Identifications	Format of Bank Identifier added
<u>V1.2.a of 19/11/2007</u>	
1.4 and examples	"01" replaced by "02" in <Document xmlns="urn:swift:xsd:\$pain.001.001.02" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchemaInstance">

<u>V1.2.b of 11/02/2008</u>	
	<pre> <Document xmlns="urn:swift:xsd:\$pain.001.001.02" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchemainstance"> replaced by <Document xmlns="urn:iso:std:iso:20022:tech:xsd:pain.001.001.02" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"> </pre>

<u>V1.3 of October 2008</u>	
1 Introduction	Version 1.3 is compliant with EPC Guidelines version 3.2
1 Introduction Use of these Guidelines	Format : no tags with empty data fields may be used
1 Introduction – Message Structure 1.7 Grouping	Only MIXED (MIXD) to be used as Grouping code
2.12 CategoryPurpose	Possible values extended, according to ISO documentation. Code "SSBE" added for Social Security Benefit
2.15 Debtor	DebtorName becomes mandatory Identification added for European credit transfer
2.25 InstructionIdentification	New optional element
2.19 UltimateDebtor 2.48 UltimateDebtor	New optional element
2.57 Creditor	Identification added for European Credit Transfers
2.59 UltimateCreditor	New optional element
2.64 Purpose	Possible values extended, according to external code list.

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